

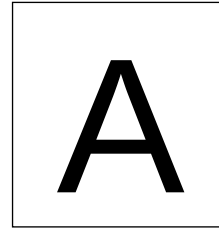
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**DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO**

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Test Booklet Series: **CDS26ENG05**

**TEST BOOKLET  
ENGLISH**



*Time Allowed: Two Hours*

*Maximum Marks: 100*

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**INSTRUCTIONS**

1. **IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.**
2. **Please note that it is the candidate's responsibility to encode and fill in the Roll Number and Test booklet series A, B, C or D carefully and without any omission or discrepancy at the appropriate places in the OMR Answer Sheet. Any omission/discrepancy will render the Answer Sheet liable for rejection.**
3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. **DO NOT** write **anything else** on the test booklet. 
4. This Test Booklet contains **120** items (questions). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose **ONLY ONE** response for each items.
5. You have to mark all your responses **ONLY** on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See directions in the Answer Sheet.
6. All items carry equal to marks.
7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer Sheet the response to various items in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per instructions sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
8. After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to the invigilator **only the Answer Sheet**. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet
9. Sheets for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.
10. **Penalty for wrong answers:**  
**THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY THE CANDIDATE IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION PAPERS.**
  - (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to energy question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, **one third** of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
  - (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a **wrong answer** even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to that question.
  - (iii) If a question is left blank, i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be no penalty for that question.

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**DIRECTION: In each of the following questions, a part of the sentence is given in bold. Below each sentence, three alternatives are provided for the bold part. Select the alternative that best improves the sentence grammatically and contextually. If the sentence is already correct, choose (D) No improvement.**

1. Although India still by far a poor country, it can become rich if its natural and human resources are fully utilized.  
(a) few and far between  
(b) by and large  
(c) by and by  
(d) No improvement
2. The workers are hell bent at getting what is due to them.  
(a) hell bent on getting  
(b) hell bent for getting  
(c) hell bent to getting  
(d) No improvement
3. You are warned against committing the same mistake again.  
(a) to commit  
(b) for committing  
(c) against to commit  
(d) No improvement
4. I would have waited for you at the station if I knew that you would come.  
(a) had known  
(b) was knowing  
(c) have known  
(d) No improvement
5. When he heard the rhetorical speech of the leader, he was carried along by his enthusiasm.  
(a) carried down  
(b) carried aloft  
(c) carried away  
(d) No improvement
6. If I don't know the meaning of a word, I look it after in the dictionary.  
(a) look it out  
(b) look it for  
(c) look it up  
(d) No improvement
7. He is likely to win the elections by the sweeping majority.  
(a) with the sweeping majority  
(b) in sweeping majority  
(c) by a sweeping majority  
(d) No improvement
8. Only when you left I did sleep.  
(a) I slept  
(b) did I sleep  
(c) had I slept

- (d) No improvement
9. Can you arrange the car to be ready this evening?  
(a) arrange with the car  
(b) arrange for the car  
(c) arrange that the car  
(d) No improvement
10. The names of the defaulters have been cut off the register.  
(a) cut out  
(b) struck out  
(c) struck off  
(d) No improvement

**DIRECTION: In this section, each sentence is divided into four parts, marked (a), (b), (c), and (d). One of these parts contains an error in grammar, usage, or vocabulary. Identify the part that contains the error. If there is no error, choose (d).**

11. Climate change, whether it is (a)/ natural or human-induced, (b)/ is stressful for the people. (c)/ No error (d)
12. My mother (a)/ has been doing (b)/ everything for the family. (d)/ No error (d)
13. More than thirty lakh people (a)/ were inoculated against COVID 19 (b)/ on March 15th. (c)/ No error (d)
14. This task is being undertaken (a)/ for the benefit of young people in needed (b)/ at the instance of the Chief of the Group. (c)/ No error (d)
15. He was suffering from a mental health condition (a)/ and unaware to what (b)/ he was doing at the time (c)/ No error. (d)
16. There were no less (a)/ than fifty students (b)/ in the class. (c)/ No error (d)
17. After reading foreword of (a)/ the book on environment issues in India, (b)/ I have decided to meet its author (c)/ No error. (d)
18. If you have told me (a)/ the truth I would have helped (b)/ you at that time (c)/ No error. (d)
19. An FIR can be lodge (a)/ against them under the section 304A (b)/ of the Indian Penal Code (c)/ No error. (d)
20. Little he realised (a)/ that he would not live (b)/ to see his grandson marriage (c)/ No error. (d)

**DIRECTION: Select the option which best explains the meaning of the idiom/phrase given below.**

21. Dyed in the wool

- (a) Changing notions because of fluffy mind  
(b) assuming different colours  
(c) unchanging and firm in belief  
(d) adapting to conditions
22. Straight and narrow  
(a) not to deviate from one's goal  
(b) be excessively careful  
(c) moral and morally acceptable way of being  
(d) to be stingy
23. A double entendre  
(a) to look at someone or something twice  
(b) a situation in which you can not succeed  
(c) a word which has two meanings  
(d) something that causes both advantages and problems
24. At the drop of a hat.  
(a) Without any hesitation  
(b) When attempt fails and it's time to start all over  
(c) To further a loss with mockery  
(d) Judging other's intentions too much
25. X marks the spot  
(a) To indicate the exact location  
(b) To prevent someone from moving closer  
(c) Do something useless  
(d) Take an opportunity
26. To take up the cudgels  
(a) To defend someone  
(b) A symbol of disgrace  
(c) to be afraid  
(d) one who is against religion
27. In a trice  
(a) Point of no return  
(b) to be disappointed  
(c) to destroy everything  
(d) Without causing any delay
28. Below the belt  
(a) to strike unfairly  
(b) below dignity  
(c) to underestimate the power of a person  
(d) below status
29. Gray matter  
(a) Explain something explicitly  
(b) Trivial matter  
(c) Important matter  
(d) intelligence
30. Beggar description  
(a) a right thing to a wrong hand  
(b) take statement back  
(c) to give poor show

(d) a thing that is difficult to describe

**DIRECTION : Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it.**

We stand poised precariously and challengingly on the razor's edge of destiny. We are now at the mercy of atom bombs and the like which would destroy us completely if we fail to control them wisely. And wisdom in this crisis means sensitiveness to the basic values of life; it means a vivid realization that we are literally living in one world where we must either swim together or sink together. We cannot afford to tamper with man's single minded loyalty to peace and international understanding. Anyone, who does it is a traitor not only to man's past and present, but also to his future, because he is mortgaging the destiny of unborn generations.

31. From the tone and style of the passage it appears that the writer is-  
(a) a prose writer with a fascination for images and metaphors.  
(b) a humanist with a clear foresight.  
(c) a traitor who wishes to mortgage the destiny of future generations.  
(d) unaware of the global power situation.
32. The best way to escape complete annihilation in an atomic war is to-  
(a) work for international understanding and harmony.  
(b) invent more powerful weapons.  
(c) turn to religion.  
(d) ban nuclear weapons.
33. The phrase 'razor's edge of destiny' means a/an-  
(a) enigma that cuts through the pattern of life like the edge of a razor.  
(b) critical situation that foreordains the future.  
(c) sharp line of division that marks the alternative courses of action in the future.  
(d) destiny with sharp edges.
34. According to the writer, 'wisdom' on the razor's edge of destiny means:  
(a) awareness that we stand poised precariously on the razor's edge of destiny.  
(b) determination to ban nuclear weapons.  
(c) responsibility to the 'unborn generations'.  
(d) awareness of the basic values of life.

35. The author is concerned about the threat of nuclear weapons because he feels that-
- (a) a nuclear war will destroy human civilization.  
(b) all countries are interlinked and one cannot escape the consequences of what happens to another country.  
(c) the world is on the brink of disaster.  
(d) his country is threatened by a nuclear war

**DIRECTION : Pick out the most effective word from the given words to fill in the blank to make the sentence meaningfully complete.**

36. His actions had \_\_\_\_\_ pain and suffering on thousands of people.  
(a) affected (b) imposed  
(c) inflicted (d) deplored
37. The Government will \_\_\_\_\_ all resources to fight poverty.  
(a) collect (b) exploit  
(c) harness (d) muster
38. The children \_\_\_\_\_ crackers to celebrate the victory of their team.  
(a) burst (b) fired  
(c) shot (d) released
39. I am \_\_\_\_\_ forward to our picnic scheduled in the next month.  
(a) seeing (b) looking  
(c) planning (d) thinking
40. I hope you must have \_\_\_\_\_ by now that failures are the stepping stones to success.  
(a) known (b) felt  
(c) decided (d) realized
41. The blood flow was so ..... that the patient died.  
(a) intense (b) adequate  
(c) profuse (d) extensive
42. I parked my car in a no-parking zone, but I .....it.  
(a) come up with (b) got away with  
(c) made off with (d) go on with
43. He said that he ..... when he lost all his investment in the stock market.  
(a) was broken  
(b) was broke  
(c) broke  
(d) had been collapse
44. His \_\_\_\_\_ of decency and fair play made him refuse the offer.  
(a) watch (b) sense  
(c) ignorance (d) lack
45. Whatever ....., please calm.  
(a) has happened

- (b) is happening  
(c) has been happening  
(d) happens

**DIRECTION: For each of the following questions, choose the option that best expresses the meaning of the phrasal verb used in the sentence.**

46. Get along  
(a) depend on (b) to agree  
(c) to escape (d) to be friendly
47. Get on  
(a) live together (b) progress  
(c) distribute (d) succeed
48. Keep from  
(a) refrain from (b) keep moving  
(c) to maintain (d) to continue
49. Knock over  
(a) to strike  
(b) fall back  
(c) to render unconsciousness  
(d) to save money
50. Look over  
(a) examine carefully  
(b) to be careful  
(c) to watch out  
(d) none of these

**DIRECTION: In each of the following questions, choose the word from the given alternatives which is most similar in meaning to the word printed in underlined.**

51. He is essentially a lowbrow person.  
(a) coarse (b) proud  
(c) passionate (d) pathetic
52. His truancy is detrimental.  
(a) loyalty (b) integrity  
(c) honesty (d) absenteeism
53. He was greatly debilitated by an attack of influenza.  
(a) depressed (b) weakened  
(c) worried (d) defeated
54. His conduct brought him reproach from all quarters.  
(a) rebuke (b) sympathy  
(c) indifference (d) remorse
55. His candid opinions have won him many friends.  
(a) kind (b) courteous  
(c) generous (d) frank
56. Sheela appears to be vexed.  
(a) clear (b) calm  
(c) displeased (d) uncomplicated
57. His solemnity is celebrated.  
(a) greed (b) desire

- (c) trust (d) dignity  
58. Geomorphologists ascertain several wonderful facts about our earth.  
(a) verify (b) invent  
(c) increase (d) omit  
59. Mr Kumar works as a bursar in the sport academy.  
(a) secretary (b) accountant  
(c) coach (d) trainer  
60. His intentions are insidious.  
(a) pious (b) inadvertent  
(c) deceitful (d) naïve

**DIRECTION: Each of the following questions consists of a word printed in bold followed by four alternatives. Select the alternative that is opposite in meaning to the word printed in underlined.**

61. It was a mystery as to where the young girl had acquired such a naïve belief.  
(a) credulous (b) childlike  
(c) wise (d) innocent  
62. It's the only treatment suitable for cancer.  
(a) insufficient (b) impertinent  
(c) befitting (d) congenial  
63. Some of the criticisms which they had to put up were very unfair.  
(a) scold (b) scorn  
(c) appreciation (d) censure  
64. I would beg of all friends not to rush to Birla house nor try to dissuade me or be anxious about me.  
(a) certain (b) composed  
(c) careless (d) heedless  
65. It could not have been expected that, with such a bent of mind of the people, there should have been much activity for the cultivation of the physical sciences in this part of the world.  
(a) dull (b) dormant  
(c) indolence (d) ideal  
66. Indian culture has been, from time immemorial, of a peculiar cast and mould.  
(a) common (b) customary  
(c) natural (d) familiar  
67. The princess charming was the centre of attraction today.  
(a) enchanting (b) hypnotic  
(c) repulsive (d) fascinating  
68. Macbeth is a/an abominable figure.  
(a) abhorrent (b) repugnant  
(c) refutable (d) attractive  
69. Terrorists profess fanatical ideology.  
(a) bigoted (b) militant

- (c) moderate (d) fervid

70. Rakesh is vulnerable to political pressure.  
(a) weak (b) unguarded  
(c) exposed (d) resilient

**DIRECTION: The following sentences are given in a jumbled order. Rearrange them to form a meaningful and coherent paragraph. Choose the correct sequence of the sentences from the options given below.**

71. S1: I was the secretary of the Philosophical Society of the Patna College

S6: I have been to Kolkata many times since, but never has it been more pleasant than that first visit.

P : It was my first visit to the city and its impression on my mind was indelible.

Q : In that capacity, I once led a trip to Kolkata

R : I felt I had landed in the midst of beautiful dream world of a fairy land.

S : I saw the roads, the trams, the skyscrapers and the magnificent shops at the Chowranghee lane

The correct sequence should be

- (a) Q P S R (b) P S Q R  
(c) S R P Q (d) S Q R P

72. S1: Union finance ministry announced a series of concessions to trade and industry last month.

S6: Manufacturers "feel that prices of certain components may not be brought down because of the imposition of a 30 per cent duty where there was none earlier.

P : Together, these will result in a loss of revenue of Rs. 100 crore to the exchequer.

Q : Earlier, these were attracting customs duty varying from zero to 100 per cent.

R : The chunk of the relief of Rs. 60 crore has gone to the electronics industry.

S : Raw materials and piece parts now carry customs duty of 30 per cent and 40 per cent ad valorem respectively.

The correct sequence should be

- (a) R S Q P (b) P R S Q  
(c) S Q P R (d) Q P R S

73. S1: At four O'clock this morning, Hitler attacked and invaded Russia.

S6 : Under its cloak of false confidence, the German armies drew up in immense strength along a line which stretches from the White Sea to the Black Sea.

P : No complaint had been made by Germany of its non-fulfilment.

Q : All his usual formalities of perfidy were observed with scrupulous technique.

R : No one could have expected that Hitler would do it.

S : A non-aggression treaty had been solemnly signed and was in force between the two countries.

The correct sequence should be

- (a) R Q S P                      (b) R S Q P  
(c) P S Q R                      (d) Q P S R

74. S1: The spiritual training of the boys was a much more difficult training.

S6: And I held that this was an essential part of the training of the young and that all training without culture of the spirit was of no use and might be even harmful.

P: I had realised that the training of the spirit was a thing in itself.

Q: Of course, I believed that every student should be acquainted with the elements of his own religion and have a general knowledge of his own scriptures.

R: I relied little on religious books for spiritual training.

S: To develop the spirit is to build character and to enable one to work towards a knowledge of God and self-realisation.

Which one of the following sequences is correct?

- (a) PQSR                      (b) RQSP  
(c) RPOS                      (d) PRSQ

75. S1: The word 'victory' generally reminds us of wars and conquerors like Alexander and Napoleon.

S6: The victories of peace are more lasting and useful to humanity than the victories of war.

P: Thousands of people are killed and hundreds of towns and cities are destroyed.

Q: But the victory associated with a war comes after so much of destruction

R: In this category we may include the achievements of scientists and scholars, statesmen and social reformers and the like.

S: However, there is another type of victory which is creative and constructive.

Which one of the following sequences is correct?

- (a) PRQS                      (b) SPQR  
(c) QPSR                      (d) RPQS

**Directions: Each of the following items in this section consists of a sentence the parts of which have been jumbled. These parts have been labelled P, Q, R and S. Given below each sentence are four sequences namely (a), (b), (c) and (d). You are required to re-arrange the jumbled parts of the sentence and mark your response accordingly.**

76. (P) the British manufacturers  
(Q) popularity of Indian textiles  
(R) were jealous of the  
(S) from the very beginning

The correct sequence should be

- (a) P Q R S                      (b) S P Q R  
(c) S P R Q                      (d) Q R S P

77. (P) dress fashions changed and light cotton

(Q) of the English

(R) textiles began to replace

(S) the coarse woollens

The correct sequence should be

- (a) P R S Q                      (b) R S P Q  
(c) Q P R S                      (d) SPRQ

78. (P) put pressure on their government

(Q) Indian goods in England

(R) the British manufacturers

(S) to restrict and prohibit

The correct sequence should be

- (a) PQRS                      (b) SPRQ  
(c) R P S Q                      (d) Q R S P

79. (P) however

(Q) still held their own in foreign markets

(R) in spite of these laws

(S) Indian silk and cotton textiles

The correct sequence should be

- (a) Q P R S                      (b) S P R Q  
(c) S R P Q                      (d) R P S Q

80. (P) and it led to rapid economic development

(Q) the Industrial Revolution

(R) transformed the British

(S) society in a fundamental manner

The correct sequence should be

- (a) S P R Q                      (b) Q P R S  
(c) Q R S P                      (d) S R P Q

**DIRECTION: In each of the following questions, a word or phrase has been bolded. Identify the part of speech of the underlined word as used in the sentence and select the most appropriate option from those given below.**

81. Some people think that their strength is perpetual.

- (a) Noun                      (b) Adverb  
(c) Adjective                      (d) Preposition

82. The indignant attitude of the speaker made the group unhappy.  
(a) Noun (b) Adverb  
(c) Adjective (d) Preposition
83. They have been driving since early morning.  
(a) Conjunction (b) Adverb  
(c) Adjective (d) Noun
84. There was an exultation in the group.  
(a) Noun (b) Adverb  
(c) Adjective (d) Preposition
85. Every habitat has some distinctive vegetation.  
(a) Noun (b) Adverb  
(c) Adjective (d) Preposition
86. Words of endearment always touch me.  
(a) Noun (b) Adverb  
(c) Adjective (d) Preposition
87. She tormented me with her detached behaviour.  
(a) Noun (b) Adverb  
(c) Adjective (d) Preposition
88. We should follow patience and forbearance.  
(a) Noun (b) Adverb  
(c) Adjective (d) Preposition
89. Mohan is quite reticent.  
(a) Noun (b) Adverb  
(c) Adjective (d) Preposition
90. John is a magniloquent person.  
(a) Noun (b) Adverb  
(c) Adjective (d) Preposition

**DIRECTION: Fill in the blank with correct preposition.**

91. That rule is applicable..... everyone.  
(a) with (b) to  
(c) for (d) on
92. The college is affiliated..... Kanpur University in Uttar Pradesh.  
(a) by (b) with  
(c) to (d) in
93. Don't loiter .....the street.  
(a) near (b) around  
(c) in (d) on
94. He travelled .....Mr Joshi's car.  
(a) by (b) for  
(c) in (d) on
95. He was angry..... me.  
(a) at (b) to  
(c) upon (d) with

**DIRECTION: In each of the following questions, choose the option that best expresses the meaning of the given word.**

96. **Cynosure**  
(a) person or thing that causes a change  
(b) person or thing that attracts a lot of attention  
(c) person or thing regarded as exact copy  
(d) person or animal that lives in a particular place
97. **Imprest**  
(a) surprise attack by people  
(b) money used to manage small expenses  
(c) sudden laughter  
(d) sudden increase in activity
98. **Coeval**  
(a) person of roughly the same age  
(b) person or organisation that cooperates with others  
(c) person employed to drive a private car  
(d) person employed in taking census
99. **Raconteur**  
(1) someone who is capable of telling stories in an interesting manner  
(2) somebody who believes in only telling tall stories  
(a) 1 only (b) 2 only  
(c) both 1 and 2 (d) neither 1 nor 2
100. **For good**  
(a) For a good cause (b) Temporarily  
(c) Permanently (d) Seriously
101. Vini, Vidi, Vice  
(a) Without victory  
(b) I came, I fell, I died  
(c) She came, she went, the end  
(d) I came, I saw, I conquered
102. **El Dorado**  
(a) An imaginary place  
(b) High altitude  
(c) A literary man  
(d) A country full of gold and precious stones
103. **Modus operandi**  
(a) Way of doing something  
(b) Manner of theft  
(c) Way of doing theft  
(d) Way of worship
104. **Tete-a-tete**  
(a) A public conversation  
(b) A friend's conversation  
(c) A private conversation  
(d) A family conversation
105. **Ex facie**  
(a) In the light of what is not apparent  
(b) In the light of what is apparent

- (c) To lose the right  
(d) To lose the property
- 106.** Sub judice  
(a) Under consideration of court of law  
(b) Beyond jurisdiction of court  
(c) Dual view  
(d) same court
- 107.** Vox populi  
(a) A famous personality  
(b) Popular opinion  
(c) A very popular drama  
(d) Group of people
- 108.** Amicus curiae  
(a) An old man  
(b) Name given to the poorman  
(c) Friend of court or lawyer appointed by a court  
(d) A litigant before the court
- 109.** Vis-à-vis  
(a) Direct (b) Opposite  
(c) Face-to-face (d) Agree
- 110.** Quasi  
(a) As if it were (b) Null  
(c) Void (d) Quashed

**111.**

| Words           | Meaning                   |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| A. Ad valorem   | 1. Notes to aid memory    |
| B. Aide-mémoire | 2. According to the value |
| C. Ad infinitum | 3. Among other things     |
| D. Inter alia   | 4. Without end            |

- (a) A – 1; B – 2; C-3; D – 4  
(b) A – 2; B – 1; C-4; D – 3  
(c) A – 2; B – 4; C-3; D – 1  
(d) A – 1; B – 2; C-4; D – 3

**112.**

| Words           | Meaning                |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| A. Ultra vires: | 1. From the beginning  |
| B. Ab initio:   | 2. Beyond the powers   |
| C. Beau Monde:  | 3. Fashionable society |

|            |                             |
|------------|-----------------------------|
| D. Ad hoc: | 4. For the specific purpose |
|------------|-----------------------------|

- (a) A – 1; B – 2; C-3; D – 4  
(b) A – 2; B – 1; C-3; D – 4  
(c) A – 2; B – 4; C-3; D – 1  
(d) A – 1; B – 2; C-4; D – 3

**113.** The French phrase "rendezvous" means:

- (a) A meeting (b) A goodbye  
(c) A journey (d) A secret

**114.** The Spanish word "siesta" means:

- (a) Afternoon nap (b) Morning walk  
(c) Evening meal (d) Late-night party

**115.** The German word "zeitgeist" means:

- (a) Spirit of the time  
(b) Ghost of the past  
(c) Future vision  
(d) Timeless beauty

**DIRECTION:** Each of the following sentences has a blank in it. Choose the most appropriate word from the given alternatives to fill in the blank and make the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

**116.** The school alumni gathering put us in a \_\_\_\_\_ mood.

- (a) Remniscent (b) Reminisent  
(c) Reminiscent (d) Reminicent

**117.** 'God is Dead' is a \_\_\_\_\_ statement.

- (a) Blasphemus (b) Blaphemous  
(c) Blasphemous (d) Blosphemos

**118.** The threat of an epidemic caused great alarm and \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) Trepidation (b) Terpidation  
(c) Trepidition (d) Trepidattion

**119.** The din caused by the children howling is enough to \_\_\_\_\_ the dead.

- (a) Ressurrect (b) Resurrect  
(c) Resurect (d) Resurecct

**120.** Can you \_\_\_\_\_ the car into that parking spot?

- (a) Manuer (b) Manever  
(c) Manoeuvre (d) Manuver

**ANSWER KEY**

|      |   |      |   |      |   |      |   |      |   |      |   |      |   |      |   |      |   |      |   |
|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|
| 1.   | b | 2.   | a | 3.   | d | 4.   | a | 5.   | c | 6.   | c | 7.   | c | 8.   | b | 9.   | b | 10.  | c |
| 11.  | d | 12.  | d | 13.  | d | 14.  | b | 15.  | b | 16.  | a | 17.  | a | 18.  | a | 19.  | a | 20.  | a |
| 21.  | c | 22.  | c | 23.  | c | 24.  | a | 25.  | a | 26.  | a | 27.  | d | 28.  | a | 29.  | d | 30.  | d |
| 31.  | b | 32.  | a | 33.  | b | 34.  | d | 35.  | a | 36.  | c | 37.  | c | 38.  | a | 39.  | b | 40.  | d |
| 41.  | c | 42.  | b | 43.  | b | 44.  | b | 45.  | d | 46.  | d | 47.  | b | 48.  | a | 49.  | a | 50.  | a |
| 51.  | a | 52.  | d | 53.  | b | 54.  | a | 55.  | d | 56.  | c | 57.  | d | 58.  | a | 59.  | b | 60.  | c |
| 61.  | c | 62.  | b | 63.  | c | 64.  | b | 65.  | c | 66.  | a | 67.  | c | 68.  | d | 69.  | c | 70.  | d |
| 71.  | a | 72.  | a | 73.  | a | 74.  | b | 75.  | c | 76.  | c | 77.  | a | 78.  | c | 79.  | b | 80.  | c |
| 81.  | c | 82.  | c | 83.  | b | 84.  | a | 85.  | c | 86.  | a | 87.  | c | 88.  | a | 89.  | b | 90.  | c |
| 91.  | b | 92.  | c | 93.  | b | 94.  | c | 95.  | d | 96.  | b | 97.  | b | 98.  | a | 99.  | a | 100. | c |
| 101. | d | 102. | d | 103. | a | 104. | c | 105. | b | 106. | a | 107. | b | 108. | c | 109. | c | 110. | a |
| 111. | a | 112. | b | 113. | a | 114. | a | 115. | a | 116. | c | 117. | c | 118. | a | 119. | b | 120. | c |

